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ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-4200

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

BILONTEC INDUSTRIAL S.L. (dba TÉCNICAS EXPANSIVAS S.L., INDEX)

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

INDEX MTD-X AND MTD-M WEDGE ANCHORS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see <u>ESR-4200 LABC and LARC Supplement</u>.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

The ¹/₄-inch (6.4 mm) INDEX MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchor is used as anchorage to resist static, wind and seismic (Seismic Design Categories A and B) tension and shear loads in uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_{c_1} of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The $3/_8$ -inch through $3/_4$ -inch (9.5 mm through 19.1 mm) INDEX MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors are used as anchorage to resist static, wind and seismic (Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The INDEX MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors comply with Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and Section 1912 of the 2009

and 2006 IBC. The anchor system is an alternative to castin-place anchors described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1908 of the 2012 IBC, and Section 1911 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchors may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

INDEX MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors are torquecontrolled, mechanical expansion anchors consisting of an anchor body, expansion clip, nut and washer. A typical anchor is shown in Figure 3 of this report. The anchor body has a tapered mandrel formed on the installed end of the anchor and a threaded section at the opposite end. The taper of the mandrel increases in diameter towards the installed end of the anchor. The three-segment expansion clip wraps around the tapered mandrel. Before installation, this expansion clip is free to rotate about the mandrel. The anchor is set by applying torque to the hex nut; the mandrel is drawn into the expansion clip, which engages the drilled hole and transfers the load to the base material. Pertinent dimensions are given in Tables 1 and 2 of this report.

3.2 MTD-X Wedge Anchor, Carbon Steel:

The anchor bodies are manufactured by cold forming from carbon steel materials conforming to JIS G 3507. The zinc plating on the anchor body complies with ASTM B633 SC1 type III, with a minimum 0.0002 inch (5 µm) thickness. The expansion clip is fabricated from low carbon steel conforming to JIS G 3141. The sherardized coating of the clips complies with EN 13811 Class 15 with a minimum 0.0006 inch (15 µm) thickness. The hex nut for the carbon steel MTD-X anchor conforms to ASME B18.2.2. The washer for the carbon steel MTD-X anchor conforms to ASME B18.21.1. The available anchor diameters under this report are: 1/4 inch, 3/8 inch, 1/2 inch, 5/8 inch, and 3/4 inch.

3.3 MTD-M Wedge Anchor, Stainless Steel:

The anchor bodies are manufactured by machining and cold forming from stainless steel materials conforming to AISI 304 and 304HC respectively. The expansion clip is fabricated from stainless steel conforming to AISI 304. The sherardized coating of the clips complies with EN 13811 Class 15 with a minimum 0.0006 inch (15 μ m) thickness. The hex nut for the stainless steel MTD-M anchor conforms to ASTM F594. The washer for the stainless steel MTD-M anchor conforms to ASME B18.21.1. The available anchor

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diameters under this report are: 1/4 inch, 3/8 inch, 1/2 inch, 5/8 inch, and 3/4 inch.

3.4 Concrete:

Normal-weight and lightweight concrete must conform to Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC, as applicable.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

4.1.1 General: Design strength of anchors complying with the 2021 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2021 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 Chapter 17 and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2012 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2012 IRC must be in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2009 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2009 IRC must be in accordance with ACI 318-08 Appendix D and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2006 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2006 IRC must be in accordance with ACI 318-05 Appendix D and this report.

Design parameters are based on the 2021 IBC (ACI 318-19), 2018 and 2015 IBC (ACI 318-14) and the 2012 IBC (ACI 318-11) unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.12 of this report. The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3. ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC and Section 5.3 of ACI 318 (-19 and -14) or Section 9.2 of ACI 318-11, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

The value of f_c used in the calculations must be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.

4.1.2 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Tension, *N*_{sa}: The nominal static steel strength in tension must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, as applicable. The values for *N*_{sa} are given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to ductile steel elements may be used for MTD-X and MTD-M.

4.1.3 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension, N_{cb} and N_{cbg} : The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} and N_{cbg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with modifications as described in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-20 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, with modifications as described in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of h_{ef} and k_{cr} as given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report. The nominal concrete breakout strength in tension, in regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance

with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, must be calculated with $\psi_{c,N} = 1.0$ and using the value of k_{uncr} as given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report.

4.1.4 Requirements for Static Pullout Strength in Tension, N_p : The nominal pullout strength of a single anchor, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.1 and 17.6.3.2.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.1 and 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.1 and D.5.3.2, as applicable, in cracked and uncracked concrete, $N_{p,cr}$ and $N_{p,uncr}$, respectively, is given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report. In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.6.3.3, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.6, as applicable, $\psi_{c,P} = 1.0$ for all design cases. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.2.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.2, as applicable, the nominal pullout strength in cracked concrete must be adjusted by calculation according to the following equation:

$$N_{p,f'c} = N_{p,cr} \left(\frac{f'_c}{2,500}\right)^n$$
 (lb, psi) (Eq-1)
$$N_{p,f'c} = N_{p,cr} \left(\frac{f'_c}{17.2}\right)^n$$
 (N, MPa)

In regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.3, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.6, as applicable, the nominal pullout strength in tension must be calculated according to the following equation:

$$N_{p,f'c} = N_{p,uncr} \left(\frac{f'c}{2,500}\right)^n$$
(lb, psi) (Eq-2)
$$N_{p,f'c} = N_{p,uncr} \left(\frac{f'c}{17.2}\right)^n$$
(N, MPa)

n = normalization exponent given in Tables 4 and 5.

Where values for $N_{p,cr}$ or $N_{p,uncr}$ are not provided in Tables 4 and 5, the pullout strength in tension need not be evaluated.

4.1.5 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Shear, V_{sa} : The nominal steel strength in shear, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, is given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report and must be used in lieu of the value derived by calculation from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.7.1.2b, ACI 318-14 Eq 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq D-29, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to ductile steel elements may be used for the MTD-X and MTD-M.

4.1.6 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} : The nominal concrete breakout strength in shear of a single anchor or group of anchors, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, with modifications as provided in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2.1, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using values of l_e and d_a (d_o) given in Tables 4 and 5 of this report.

4.1.7 Requirements for Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} . The nominal static concrete pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable, modified by using the value of K_{cp} provided in Tables 4 and 5 of this report and the value of N_{cb} or N_{cbg} as calculated in accordance with Section 4.1.3 of this report.

4.1.8 Requirements for Seismic Design:

4.1.8.1 General: For load combinations including seismic, the design must be performed in accordance with ACI 318-

19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable. Modification to ACI 318-19 17.10 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2021 IBC. Modifications to ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted. Modifications to ACI 318 (-08, -05) D.3.3 shall be applied under Section 1908.1.9 of the 2009 IBC, or Section 1908.1.16 of the 2006 IBC as applicable.

4.1.8.2 Seismic Tension: The nominal steel strength and the nominal concrete breakout strength for anchors in tension must be calculated according to ACI 318-19 17.6.1 and 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1 and 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1 and D.5.2, respectively, as applicable, as described in Sections 4.1.2 and 4.1.3 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.2.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.2, as applicable, the appropriate pullout strength in tension for seismic loads, $N_{p,eq}$, may be adjusted by calculation for concrete strength in accordance with Eq-1 and section 4.1.4, whereby the value of $N_{p,eq}$ must be substituted for $N_{p,cr}$. If no values for $N_{p,eq}$ are given in Tables 4 and 5, the static design values govern.

4.1.8.3 Seismic Shear: The nominal concrete breakout strength and pryout strength for anchors in shear must be calculated according to ACI 318-19 17.7.2 and 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 and 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, respectively, as applicable, as described in Sections 4.1.6 and 4.1.7 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, the appropriate value for nominal steel strength for seismic loads, $V_{sa,eq}$ described in Tables 4 and 5 must be used in lieu of V_{sa} .

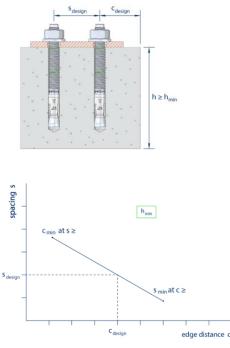
4.1.9 Requirements for Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For anchors or groups of anchors that are subject to the effects of combined tensile and shear forces, the design must be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.

4.1.10 Requirements for Critical Edge Distance: In applications where $c < c_{ac}$ and supplemental reinforcement to control splitting of the concrete is not present, the concrete breakout strength in tension for uncracked concrete, calculated according to ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, must be further multiplied by factor $\psi_{cp,N}$ as given by the following equation:

 $\psi_{cp,N} = \frac{c}{c_{ac}} \tag{Eq-3}$

where the factor $\psi_{cp,N}$ need not be taken as less than 1.5*h*_{ef} / c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,N} = 1.0$. In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5, ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable, values for the critical edge distance c_{ac} must be taken from Tables 1 and 2 of this report.

4.1.11 Requirements for Minimum Member Thickness, Minimum Anchor Spacing and Minimum Edge Distance: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, respectively, as applicable, values of *smin* and *cmin* as given in Tables 1 and 2 of this report must be used. In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.4, ACI 318-14 17.7.5 or ACI 318-11 D.8.5, as applicable, minimum member thickness *hmin* as given in Tables 1 and 2 of this report must be used. Additional combinations for minimum edge distance *cmin* and spacing *smin* may be derived by linear interpolation between the given boundary values as shown in the following figures.



4.1.12 Lightweight Concrete: For the use of anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a equal to 0.8 λ is applied to all values of $\sqrt{f'_c}$ affecting N_n and V_n .

For ACI 318-19 (2021 IBC), ACI 318-14 (2018 and 2015 IBC), ACI 318-11 (2012 IBC) and ACI 318-08 (2009 IBC), λ shall be determined in accordance with the corresponding version of ACI 318.

For ACI 318-05 (2006 IBC), λ shall be taken as 0.75 for all lightweight concrete and 0.85 for sand-lightweight concrete. Linear interpolation shall be permitted if partial sand replacement is used. In addition, the pullout strengths $N_{p,uncr}$, $N_{p,cr}$ and $N_{p,eq}$ shall be multiplied by the modification factor, λ_a , as applicable.

4.2 Allowable Stress Design (ASD):

4.2.1 General: Design values for use with allowable stress design load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.3 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 IBC, must be established as follows:

$$T_{allowable,ASD} = \frac{\phi N_n}{\alpha}$$
(Eq-4)

$$V_{allowable,ASD} = \frac{\phi V_n}{\alpha}$$
(Eq-5)

where,

Tallowable,ASD = Allowable tension load (lbf or kN)

 $V_{\text{allowable,ASD}} = \text{Allowable shear load (lbf or kN)}$

 ϕN_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 and 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ACI 318-08 Appendix D and 2009 IBC Section 1908.1.9, ACI 318-05 Appendix D and 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, and Section 4.1 of this report, as applicable. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted.

 ϕV_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and-14) Chapter 17 and 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ACI 318-08 Appendix D and 2009 IBC Section 1908.1.9, ACI 318-05 Appendix D and 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, and Section 4.1 of this report, as applicable. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted.

= Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α shall include all appropriate factors to account for nonductile failure modes and required over-strength.

The requirements for member thickness, edge distance and spacing, described in this report, must apply. An example of allowable stress design values for illustrative purposes is shown in Table 6.

4.2.2 Requirements for Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: The interaction must be calculated and consistent with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318 (-11, -08, -05) D.7, as applicable, as follows:

For shear loads $V_{applied} \le 0.2 V_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in tension $T_{allowable,ASD}$ may be taken.

For tension loads $T_{applied} \leq 0.2T_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in shear $V_{allowable,ASD}$ may be taken.

For all other cases:

$\frac{T_{applied}}{T_{allowable,ASD}} +$	$\frac{V_{applied}}{V_{allowable,ASD}}$	≤ 1.2	(Eq-6)
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4.3 Installation:

α

Installation parameters are provided in Tables 1 and 2 and in Figures 1 and 2 of this report. Anchors must be installed per the manufacturer's published instructions and this report. Anchor locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Anchors must be installed in holes drilled into concrete using carbide-tipped drill bits complying with ANSI B212.15-1994. The nominal drill diameter must be equal to the nominal diameter of the anchor. Prior to anchor installation, the hole must be cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions. The anchor must be hammered into the predrilled hole until the embedment depth ring mark flushes with the concrete surface. The nut must be tightened against the washer until the torque value, T_{inst} , specified in Table 1 and 2, is achieved.

4.4 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection is required, in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 or 2012 IBC; Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC; or Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, as applicable. The special inspector must make periodic inspections during anchor installation to verify anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, installation torque, and adherence to the manufacturer's published installation instructions. The special inspector must be present as often as required in accordance with the "statement of special inspection". Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706 and 1707 must be observed, where applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchor described in this report complies with, or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** Anchor sizes, dimensions and minimum embedment depths are as set forth in the tables of this report.
- **5.2** The $^{1/4}$ -inch-diameter anchors must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report, in uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength of $f'_c = 2,500$ psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). In case of conflict between this report and the manufacturer's instructions, this report governs.
- **5.3** The ${}^{3}/{}_{8}$ -inch through ${}^{3}/{}_{4}$ -inch anchors must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report, in cracked and uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength of $f'_{c} = 2,500$ psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). In case of conflict between this report and the manufacturer's instructions, this report governs.
- **5.4** The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa).
- **5.5** The concrete shall have attained its minimum design strength prior to installation of the anchors.
- **5.6** Strength design values are established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- **5.7** Allowable stress design values are established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- **5.8** Anchor spacing and edge distance as well as minimum member thickness must comply with Tables 1 and 2 of this report.
- 5.9 Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.10** Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of anchors subjected to fatigue or shock load is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **5.11** Anchors, with the exception of 1/4-inch diameter anchor, may be installed in regions of concrete where cracking has occurred or where analysis indicates cracking may occur ($f_t > f_r$), subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.12** The ¹/₄-inch diameter anchors may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind or seismic forces in locations designated as Seismic Design Categories A and B under the IBC, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.13 The ³/₈-inch through ³/₄-inch anchors may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind or seismic forces in locations designated as Seismic Design Categories A through F under the IBC, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.14** Where not otherwise prohibited in the code, anchors are permitted for use with fire-resistance-rated construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors that support a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fire-resistance-rated membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistance-rated materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to

fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.

- Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **5.15** Use of zinc-coated carbon steel anchors is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.16** Use of anchors made of stainless steel as specified in this report are permitted for exterior exposure and damp environments.
- **5.17** Use of anchors made of stainless steel as specified in this report are permitted for contact with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood.
- **5.18** Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- **5.19** Anchors are manufactured by Ningbo Londex Industrial Co., Ltd., under an approved quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC193), dated October 2017 (Editorially revised December 2020), which incorporates requirements in ACI 355.2-19 and ACI 355.2-07, for use in cracked and uncracked concrete; and quality control documentation.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 The anchors are identified by packaging labeled with the evaluation report holder's name (Bilontec Industrial S.L.) and address, anchor name, anchor size, and evaluation report number (ESR-4200). The anchors have the letters MTD-X or MTD-M and the anchor size embossed on the sleeve.
- 7.2 The report holder's contact information is the following:

BILONTEC INDUSTRIAL S.L. (dba TÉCNICAS EXPANSIVAS S.L., INDEX) GODORNIZ 22, 1ª PLANTA 48012 BILBAO, SPAIN (+34) 944-123-399 www.indexfix.com bilontec@bilontec.es

Characteristic	Symbol	Unit	nit Nominal Anchor Diameter								
			1⁄4"	³ / ₈ "	1/	2		⁵ / ₈ "		3/	4
Outside Diameter	d _o ²	in (mm)	¹ ⁄ ₄ (6.4)	³ / ₈ (9.5)	¹ / ₂ (12.7)	¹ / ₂ (12.7)	⁵ / ₈ (15.9)	5/ (15	-	³ / ₄ (19.1)	³ / ₄ (19.1)
Nominal Embedment Depth	h _{nom}	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.4 (11		3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Effective Embedment Depth	h _{ef}	in (mm)	1 ½ (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	(10	•	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	4 ³ / ₄ (121)
Minimum Hole Depth	h _{hole}	in (mm)	2 (51)	2 ⁵ / ₈ (67)	2 ⁵ / ₈ (67)	4 (102)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 ³ (12		4 (102)	5 ³ / ₄ (146)
Clearance Hole Diameter	df	in (mm)	^{5/} 16 (7.9)	^{7/} 16 (11.1)		16 1.3)		^{11/} 16 (17.5)		(22	
Recommended Installation Torque	T _{inst}	ft.lb (Nm)	5 (7)	30 (41)	45 (61)		75 (102)		150 (203)		
Minimum Concrete Thickness	h _{min}	in (mm)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)	6 (152)	5 ¹ / ₂ (140)	6 (152)	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)	6 (152)	8 (203)
Critical Edge Distance	Cac	in (mm)	2 ³ ⁄ ₄ (70)	6 (152)	6 (152)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	7 (178)	8 (21		9 (229)	12 (305)
Minimum Edge Distance (c _{min}) for	Cmin	in (mm)	1 ³ ⁄ ₄ (44)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 (76)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	7 (178)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	5 (127)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)
Spacing (s ≥)	s ≥	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)	6 (152)	6 (152)	8 (203)	4 ¼ (108)	6 (152)	10 ¹ / ₂ (267)	9 ¹ / ₂ (241)
Minimum Spacing (smin) for Edge	S _{min}	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	4 ¼ (108)	4 (102)	5 (127)	4 (102)
Distance (c ≥)	c≥	in (mm)	1 ¾ (44)	4 (102)	6 (152)	4 (102)	6 (152)	7 (178)	5 (127)	10 ¹ / ₂ (267)	8 ¹ / ₂ (216)
Minimum Overall Anchor Length	lanch	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	3 (76)	3 ½ (89)	4 ½ (114)	4 ¼ (108)	5 (14		5 (127)	6 ½ (165)
Torque Wrench Socket Size	-	in	⁷ / ₁₆	⁹ / ₁₆	3	/4		¹⁵ / ₁₆		1	¹ / ₈

TABLE 1—MTD-X ANCHOR INSTALLATION PARAMETERS¹

1. The tabulated data is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria given in ACI 318 (-19 and-14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

2. For the 2006 IBC: do replaces da and Ase,N replaces Ase.

-										
Characteristic	Symbol	Unit								
			1/4"	³ / ₈ "	1/	2	5	8	3	/4"
Outside Diameter	d _o ²	in (mm)	¹ ⁄ ₄ (6.4)	³ / ₈ (9.5)	¹ / ₂ (12.7)	¹ / ₂ (12.7)	⁵ / ₈ (15.9)	⁵ / ₈ (15.9)	³ / ₄ (19.1)	³ / ₄ (19.1)
Nominal Embedment Depth	h _{nom}	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Effective Embedment Depth	h _{ef}	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	4 (102)	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	4 ³ / ₄ (121)
Minimum Hole Depth	h _{hole}	in (mm)	2 (51)	2 ⁵ / ₈ (67)	2 ⁵ / ₈ (67)	4 (102)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 ³ / ₄ (121)	4 (102)	5 ³ / ₄ (146)
Clearance Hole Diameter	df	in (mm)	⁵ / ₁₆ (7.9)	⁷ / ₁₆ (11.1)		⁹ / ₁₆ (14.3)		¹¹ / ₁₆ (17.5)		7/ ₈ 2.2)
Recommended Installation Torque	Tinst	ft.lb (Nm)	5 (7)	20 (27)		45 (61)		80 (108)		50 203)
Minimum Concrete Thickness	h _{min}	in (mm)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)	6 (152)	5 ¹ / ₂ (140)	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)	6 (152)	8 (203)
Critical Edge Distance	Cac	in (mm)	3 (76)	6½ (165)	6½ (165)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	7 (178)	8 ¹ / ₂ (216)	9 (229)	12 (305)
Minimum Edge Distance (cmin) for	Cmin	in (mm)	1 ¾ (44)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 (76)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	5 (127)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)
Spacing (s ≥)	s≥	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)	6 (152)	6 (152)	8 (203)	6 (152)	10½ (267)	9½ (241)
Minimum Spacing (s _{min}) for Edge	Smin	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	4 (102)	5 (127)	4 (102)
Distance (c ≥)	<i>c</i> ≥	in (mm)	1 ¾ (44)	4 (102)	6 (152)	4 (102)	6 (152)	5 (127)	10 ¹ / ₂ (267)	8 ¹ / ₂ (216)
Minimum Overall Anchor Length	lanch	in (mm)	2 ¼ (57)	3 (76)	3 ½ (89)	4 ½ (114)	4 ¼ (108)	5 ½ (140)	5 (127)	6 ½ (165)
Torque Wrench Socket Size	-	in	⁷ / ₁₆	⁹ / ₁₆	3	/4	15	/16	1	¹ / ₈

TABLE 2-MTD-M ANCHOR INSTALLATION PARAMETERS¹

1. The tabulated data is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria given in ACI 318 (-19 and-14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D. 2. For the 2006 IBC: d_0 replaces d_a and $A_{se,N}$ replaces A_{se} .

	marking on stud head	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q
Overall anchor	From	1½	2	21⁄2	3	3½	4	41⁄2	5	5½	6	6½	7	7½	8	81⁄2	9	9½
length (in.)	Up to, but not including	2	21⁄2	3	31⁄2	4	4½	5	5½	6	6½	7	7½	8	81⁄2	9	91⁄2	10

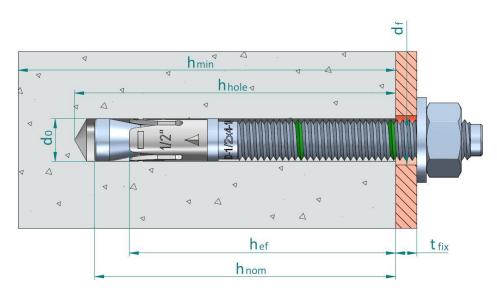


FIGURE 1—ANCHOR DIMENSIONS

			Nominal Anchor Diameter										
Characteristic	Symbol	Unit	1/4"	3/8"	1/	2"	5/	8"	3	3/4"			
Outside Diameter	d _o ²	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)			
Nominal Embedment Depth	hnom	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)			
Effective Embedment Depth	h _{ef}	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)			
Effective Steel Stress Area (Threads)	Ase ²	in ² (mm ²)	0.0318 (20.5)	0.077 (49.7)	0.141 (91.0)	0.141 (91.0)	0.226 (145.8)	0.226 (145.8)	0.334 (215.5)	0.334 (215.5)			
Effective Steel Stress Area (Neck)	A _{se} ²	in ² (mm ²)	0.0230 (14,8)	0.0562 (36.3)	0.100 (64.5)	0.100 (64.5)	0.160 (103.2)	0.160 (103.2)	0.238 (153.5)	0.238 (153.5)			
			Steel	Strength in 1	Fension and	Shear							
Minimum Specified Yield Strength (Threads)	fy	psi (N/mm²)					69,500 (480)						
Minimum Specified Yield Strength (Neck)	f_{y}	psi (N/mm²)	90,500 (624)		85,000 (585)			000 50)		,000 30)			
Minimum Specified Ultimate Strength	f _{ut}	psi (N/mm²)			-	-	87,000 (600)	-		-			
Steel Strength in Tension	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	2,599 (11.6)	6,125 (27.2)	10,600 (47.2)	10,600 (47.2)	16,240 (72.2)	16,240 (72.2)	22,730 (101.1)	22,730 (101.1)			
Strength Reduction Factor for Steel Failure in Tension	ø sa	-				1	0.75		1				
Steel Strength in Shear	Vsa	lb (kN)	974 (4.33)	2,860 (12.7)	4,820 (21.4)	4,820 (21.4)	9,040 (40.2)	9,040 (40.2)	12,300 (54.7)	14,280 (63.5)			
Steel Strength in Shear, Seismic	V _{sa,eq}	lb (kN)	NA	2,720 (12.1)	4,045 (17.9)	4,045 (17.9)	7,700 (34.2)	7,700 (34.2)	8,870 (39.4)	8,870 (39.4)			
Strength Reduction Factor for Steel Failure in Shear	\$ sa	-					0.65						
				ullout Streng	-			1	1				
Pullout Strength in Uncracked Concrete	N _{p,uncr}	lb (kN)	1,575 (7.01)	3,325 (14.79)	3,394 (15.10)	5,723 (25.46)	-	-	-	-			
Pullout Strength in Cracked Concrete	N _{p,cr}	lb (kN)	NA	2,163 (9.62)	-	4,252 (18.91)	-	-	-	-			
Pullout Strength in Cracked Concrete, Seismic	N _{eq}	lb (kN)	NA	2,115 (9.41)	-	4,252 (18.91)	-	-	-	-			
Anchor Category	1, 2 or 3	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Strength Reduction Factor for Pullout Strength in Tension	$\pmb{\phi}_{P}$	-					0.65						
			Concre	te Breakout	Strength in 1	Tension		•	1	-			
Effectiveness Factor for Uncracked Concrete	Kuncr	-	24	24	24	24	24	24	27	24			
Effectiveness Factor for Cracked Concrete	<i>k</i> _{cr}	-	-	17	17	17	21	17	21	21			
Strength Reduction Factor for Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension	$\pmb{\phi}_{cb}$	-					0.65						
Axial stiffness in service load range in uncracked concrete	β_{uncr}	lb/inch (N/mm)	162,300 (28,424)	169,540 (29,690)	296,770 (51,972)	129,020 (22,594)	134,210 (23,503)	88,970 (15,580)	165,900 (29,053)	138,430 (24,242)			
Axial stiffness in service load range in cracked concrete	$oldsymbol{eta}_{cr}$	lb/inch (N/mm)	NA	74,240 (13,001)	76,285 (13,359)	52,680 (9,225)	48,940 (8,570)	61,430 (10,758)	75,610 (13,241)	90,400 (15,830)			
Normalization Exponent, Uncracked Concrete	n	-	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			
Normalization Exponent, Cracked Concrete	п	-	NA	0.50	0.50	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			
			Concr	ete Breakou	t Strength in	Shear							
Nominal Diameter	d _o ²	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)			
Load Bearing Length of Anchor	le	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)			
Reduction Factor for Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear	$\pmb{\phi}_{cb}$	-					0.70			,			
			Cond	crete Pryout	Strength in S	Shear							
Coefficient for Pryout Strength	<i>k</i> _{cp}	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Reduction Factor for Pryout Strength in Shear	$\pmb{\phi}_{cp}$	-					0.70						

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4mm, 1lbf = 4.45N, 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa = 0.00689 N/mm², 1 in² = 645 mm², 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm.

1. The tabulated data is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria given in ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

2. For the 2006 IBC: do replaces da and Ase.N replaces Ase.

For the 2006 IBC: do replaces da and Ase, replaces Ase.
 The strength reduction factors apply when the load combinations of Section <u>1605.1</u> of the 2021 IBC or Section <u>1605.2</u> of the 2018, 2015, 2012,2009 and 2006 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 are used, and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, for Condition B (supplementary reinforcement not present) are met. For installations where complying reinforcement can be verified, the applicable strength reduction factors described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, may be used for Condition A (supplementary reinforcement not present). If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D4.4(a) or D.4.4(c) for Condition B (supplementary reinforcement not present), as applicable.
 Where no value is reported for pullout strength, this resistance does not need to be considered.
 NA = Not Applicable.

5. NA = Not Applicable.

TABLE 5-MTD-M ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION^{1,3,4,5}

					Ν	Iominal Anch	or Diameter			
Characteristic	Symbol	Unit	1/4"	3/8"	1/	2"	5/	8"	3/	4"
Outside Diameter	d _o ²	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)
Nominal Embedment Depth	h _{nom}	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Effective Embedment Depth	h _{ef}	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Effective Steel Stress Area (Threads)	A _{se} ²	in ² (mm ²)	0.0318 (20.5)	0.077 (49.7)	0.141 (91.0)	0.141 (91.0)	0.226 (145.8)	0.226 (145.8)	0.334 (215.5)	0.334 (215.5)
Effective Steel Stress Area (Neck)	A _{se} ²	in ² (mm ²)	0.0258 (14,8)	0.061 (39.6)	0.112 (72.4)	0.112 (72.4)	0.164 (105.7)	0.164 (105.7)	0.239 (153.9)	0.239 (153.9)
		(11111)		ength in Tens			(103.7)	(103.7)	(155.5)	(100.9)
Minimum Specified Yield	f _y	psi (N/mm²)	76,100 (525)		70,600 (487)				100	
Strength (Threads) Minimum Specified Yield Strength (Neck)	f _y	psi (N/mm²)	(525)		(407)	87,3 (60		(5.	25)	
Minimum Specified Ultimate Strength (Threads)	f _{ut}	psi (N/mm ²)	101,500 (700)		94,300 (650)	(00.			,500 00)	
Minimum Specified Ultimate Strength (Neck)	f _{ut}	psi (N/mm ²)	(700)		(050)	101,5 (70		(7)	00)	
Steel Strength in Tension	Nsa	lb (kN)	2,615 (11.6)	6,229 (27.7)	11,388 (50.7)	11,388 (50.7)	16,627 (74.0)	16,627 (74.0)	24,218 (107.7)	24,218 (107.7)
Strength Reduction Factor for Steel Failure in Tension	ø sa	-	,		· · · ·	0.7	5			
Steel Strength in Shear	Vsa	lb (kN)	1,861 (8.3)	4,008 (17.8)	4,745 (21.1)	7,301 (32.5)	10,163 (45.2)	10,163 (45.2)	14,805 (65.9)	14,805 (65.9)
Steel Strength in Shear, Seismic	V _{sa,eq}	lb (kN)	NA	4,008 (17.8)	4,745 (21.1)	6,596 (29.3)	7,740 (34.4)	7,740 (34.4)	10,556 (47.0)	10,556 (47.0)
Strength Reduction Factor for Steel Failure in Shear	$\pmb{\phi}_{sa}$	-				0.6	5			
				out Strength in						
Pullout Strength in Uncracked Concrete	N _{p,uncr}	lb (kN)	1,247 (5.6)	3,299 (14.7)	3,723 (16.6)	6,257 (27.8)	-	9,977 (44.4)	-	-
Pullout Strength in Cracked Concrete	N _{p,cr}	lb (kN)	NA	2,361 (10.5)	2,117 (9.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Pullout Strength in Cracked Concrete, Seismic	N _{eq}	lb (kN)	NA	2,361 (10.5)	2,117 (9.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Anchor Category Strength Reduction Factor for	1, 2 or 3	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pullout Strength in Tension	$\pmb{\phi}_{P}$	-				0.6	5			
			Concrete E	Breakout Strei	ngth in Tensi	ion				
Effectiveness Factor for Uncracked Concrete	Kuncr	-	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Effectiveness Factor for Cracked Concrete	kcr	-	-	17	17	17	17	17	21	17
Strength Reduction Factor for Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension	$\pmb{\phi}_{cb}$	-				0.6	5			
Axial stiffness in service load range in uncracked concrete	β_{uncr}	lb/inch (N/mm)	130,772 (22,902)	99,669 (17,455)	177,031 (31,003)	45,481 (7,965)	179,362 (31,411)	74,892 (13,116)	282,916 (49,546)	209,464 (36,683)
Axial stiffness in service load range in cracked concrete	β _{cr}	lb/inch (N/mm)	(22,902) NA	38,385 (6,722)	70,569 (12,359)	41,385 (7,248)	71,270 (12,481)	43,709 (7,655)	154,605 (27,075)	120,824 (21,159)
Normalization Exponent, Uncracked Concrete	n	-	0.13	0.30	0.32	0.48	0.27	0.44	0.43	0.33
Normalization Exponent, Cracked Concrete	n	-	NA	0.45	0.50	0.49	0.50	0.50	0.27	0.43
			Concrete	Breakout Stre	ength in She	ar		1		
Nominal Diameter	d _o 2	in	1/4	3/8	1/2	1/2	5/8	5/8	3/4	3/4
Load Bearing Length of		(mm) in	(6.4) 1 1/2	(9.5)	(12.7)	(12.7) 3 1/4	(15.9) 2 3/4	(15.9)	(19.1) 3 1/4	(19.1) 4 3/4
Anchor Reduction Factor for Concrete Breakout Strength	<i>l</i> е ф сь	(mm)	(38)	(51)	(51)	(83)	(70)	(102)	(83)	(121)
in Shear	Ψcb		Concret	e Pryout Strei	ath in Shea		• 			
Coefficient for Pryout			[-	<u> </u>	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Strength Reduction Factor for Pryout	k _{cp}	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Strength in Shear	$\pmb{\phi}_{cp}$	-				0.7	$0^{2} = 645 \text{ mm}^{2}$			

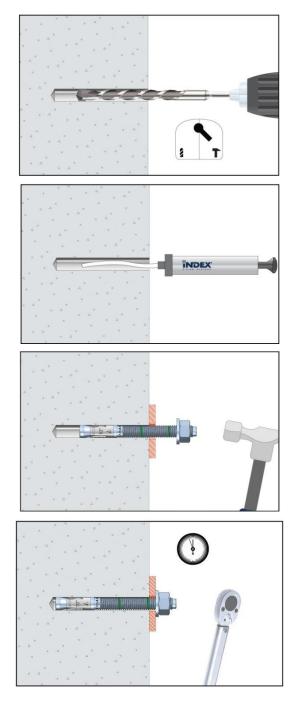
For SI: 1 inch = 25.4mm, 1lbf = 4.45N, 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa = 0.00689 N/mm², 1 in² = 645 mm², 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm.

1. The tabulated data is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria given in ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

2. For the 2006 IBC: do replaces da and Ase,N replaces Ase.

3. The strength reduction factors apply when the load combinations of Section <u>1605.1</u> of the 2021 IBC or Section <u>1605.2</u> of the 2018, 2015, 2012,2009 and 2006 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 are used, and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, for Condition B (supplementary reinforcement not present) are met. For installations where complying reinforcement can be verified, the applicable strength reduction factors described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, may be used for Condition A (supplementary reinforcement). If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factors must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4(a) or D.4.4(c) for Condition B (supplementary reinforcement not present), as applicable. 4. Where no value is reported for pullout strength, this resistance does not need to be considered.

5. NA = Not Applicable.



1. DRILL

Drill a hole into the base material of the correct diameter and depth using a drill bit that meets the requirements of ANSI B212.15

2. BLOW AND CLEAR

Remove dust and debris from hole using a hand pump, compressed air or a vacuum to remove loose particles left from drilling.

3. INSTALL

Position the washer on the anchor and thread on the nut. If installing through a fixture drive the anchor through the fixture into the hole. Be sure the anchor is driven until the corresponding green mark depth is leveled with the base material surface.

Use a hammer if necessary.

4. APPLY TORQUE

Tighten the anchor with a torque wrench by applying the required installation torque, T_{ins} . Note: the threaded stud will draw up during tightening of the nut; the expansion wedge (clip) remains in the original position.

Once installed, the total length of the anchor may be checked using the letter on the head.

FIGURE 2-MANUFACTURER'S PUBLISHED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



FIGURE 3-MTD-X AND MTD-M WEDGE ANCHOR

TABLE 6-MTD-X EXAMPLE ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN VALUES FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10}

Nominal Anchor Diameter	Effective Embedment Depth	T _{allowable,ASD}
d _o	h _{ef}	
(inch)	(inch)	(lb)
1/4	1 1/2	692
3/8	2	1,460
1/2	2	1,491
1/2	3 1/4	2,513
5/8	2 3/4	2,403
5/8	4	4,216
3/4	3 1/4	3,474
3/4	4 3/4	5,456

Single anchor. 1.

Static tension loading only. Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage. Load combinations taken from ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable with no seismic loading.

2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.

Load combinations taken from ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable with no seismic loading.
 30% Dead Load (D) and 70% Live Load (L), controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6L.
 Calculation of the weighted average for α = 1.2 x 0.3 + 1.6 x 0.7 = 1.48
 Normal weight concrete, f_c = 2,500 psi.
 c_{a1} = c_{a2} ≥ c_{ac}
 Concrete thickness h ≥ h_{min}.
 Values are for Condition B (Supplementary reinforcement not present) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 as applicable.

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Illustrative procedure of Allowable Stress Design calculation. Method ACI 318-19, Chapter 17 Part he figure below and the following information: Part he figure below and the following information: Concrete: strength, 4000 psi, cracked, 6½ inches thick Number 1 Number 1 Part he figure below and the following information: Number 1 Concrete: strength, 4000 psi, cracked, 6½ inches thick Number 2 CALCULATIONS Steption of the following information: Steption of the following information: CALCULATIONS CALCULATIONS CALCULATIONS Reference Reference Verify spacing / edge distance / member thickness Concrete Calculate steel copacity on a single fasterer loaded in tension Method in the following information: Calculate steel copacity on a single fasterer loaded in tension Method in the following information: Calculate steel copacity on a single fasterer loaded in tension Method in tension			iy Accepted and	
Per the figure below and the following information: 2 androws MTD × 1/2 in, androw length Concrete: strength 4,000 psi, cracked, 6% inches thick • Nachor Layou: as per sketch Step ACI 318-19 Step ACI 318-19 Section Reference Reference Verify spacing / edge distance / member thickness	Illustra	tive procedure of	Allowable Stress	Design calculation. Method ACI 318-19, Chapter 17
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$\begin{array}{c c} 4\\ & \\ 17.6.3.1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Section 4.1.4}\\ \text{Table 4} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Calculate pull out strength on single fastener loaded in tension} \\ & \\ \varphi N_{p,f} = \varphi \psi_{c,P} N_{p,2500} \left(\frac{f_c'}{2,500}\right)^n = (0.65)(1.00) (4,252) \left(\frac{4,000}{2,500}\right)^{0.46} = 3,430 \text{ lbf} \\ & \\ \text{Group of fasteners } \varphi N_p = n \ \varphi N_p = (2) (3,430) = 6,860 \text{ lbf} \\ \hline \\ & \\ \text{Soverning tension strength:} \\ & \\ \text{Minimum value of steel, concrete breakout, pull out: } \varphi N_n = \min \left[\varphi N_s; \ \varphi N_c; \ \varphi N_p\right] = 4,671 \text{ lbf} \\ \hline \\ \\ & \\ \text{South of conversion factor, } \alpha, \text{ to allowable stress design} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ $		17.6.2.1	44.0	$\phi N_{cbg} = (0.65) \frac{125.25}{05.06} (1.0)(0.88)(1.0)(6,299) = 4,671 \text{ lbf}$
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	Ŭ	5.3	Section 4.2.1	
	7			
- Section 4.2.1 $T_{alowable,ASD} = \frac{\phi N_n}{\alpha} = \frac{4,671}{1.48} = 3,156 \text{ lbf}$		-	Section 4.2.1	
¹ alowable,ASD $- \frac{\alpha}{\alpha} - \frac{1.48}{1.48} - 3,130$ IDI				$\alpha = 1.48$



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4200 LABC and LARC Supplement

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REPORT HOLDER:

BILONTEC INDUSTRIAL S.L. (dba TÉCNICAS EXPANSIVAS S.L., INDEX)

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

INDEX MTD-X AND MTD-M WEDGE ANCHORS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report <u>ESR-4200</u>, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-4200</u>, comply with the LABC Chapter 19, and the LARC, and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-4200.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the anchors are in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report <u>ESR-4200</u>.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16, 17 and City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-092, as applicable. References to Los Angeles Research Reports (LARR) within the COLA Information Bulletin P/BC may be substituted with this supplement.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable strength and design strength values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the anchors to the concrete. The connection between the anchors and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm applications, anchors shall be designed per the requirements of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued July 2022 and revised August 2022.

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ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4200 CBC and CRC Supplement

Reissued July 2022 Revised August 2022 This report is subject to renewal July 2024.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council[®]

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

BILONTEC INDUSTRIAL S.L. (dba TÉCNICAS EXPANSIVAS S.L., INDEX)

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

INDEX MTD-X AND MTD-M WEDGE ANCHORS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4200, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

■ 2019 California Building Code (CBC)

For evaluation of applicable chapters adopted by the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) AKA: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) and the Division of the State Architect (DSA), see Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 below.

■ 2019 California Residential Code (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4200, comply with CBC Chapter 19, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16 and 17.

2.1.1 OSHPD:

The applicable OSHPD Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.1.2 DSA:

The applicable DSA Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.2 CRC:

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4200, comply with the CRC Section R301.1.3, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC), provisions noted in the evaluation report, and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16 and 17.

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ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4200 FBC Supplement

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

BILONTEC INDUSTRIAL S.L. (dba TÉCNICAS EXPANSIVAS S.L., INDEX)

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

INDEX MTD-X AND MTD-M WEDGE ANCHORS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4200, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4200, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4200 for the 2018 *International Building Code®* meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code®* meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code*.

Use of the Index MTD-X and MTD-M Wedge Anchors for cracked and uncracked concrete have also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and *Florida Building Code—Residential*, with the following conditions:

- a) For anchorage to wood members, the connection subject to uplift, must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).
- b) For connection to aluminum members, all expansion anchors must be installed no less than 3 inches from the edge of concrete slab and/or footing. All expansion anchors shall develop an ultimate withdrawal resisting force equal to four times the imposed load, with no stress increase for duration of load.

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

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